



SESSION J

Using Lean Principles to Make Your Company Safer

Presentation by

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Using Lean Principles to Make Your Company Safer

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May 17, 2019



Purpose

- To provide means to integrate safety into Lean deployment and ensuring the health and safety of the organization while improving productivity

Key Learning Points

- Lean principles overview
- Definition and examples of eight wastes
- Integrating Safety and Lean

Lean Principles

- Understanding Value
 - Specified by the customer
- Identify the Value Stream
 - Eliminate non-value added steps
- Make the Value Stream Flow
- Let the Customer Pull the Product
- Strive for Perfection

Defining Lean

Lean is:

“A systematic approach to identifying and eliminating waste (non-value added activities) through continuous improvement by flowing the product or service at the pull of the customer in pursuit of perfection”.

—The MEP Lean Network

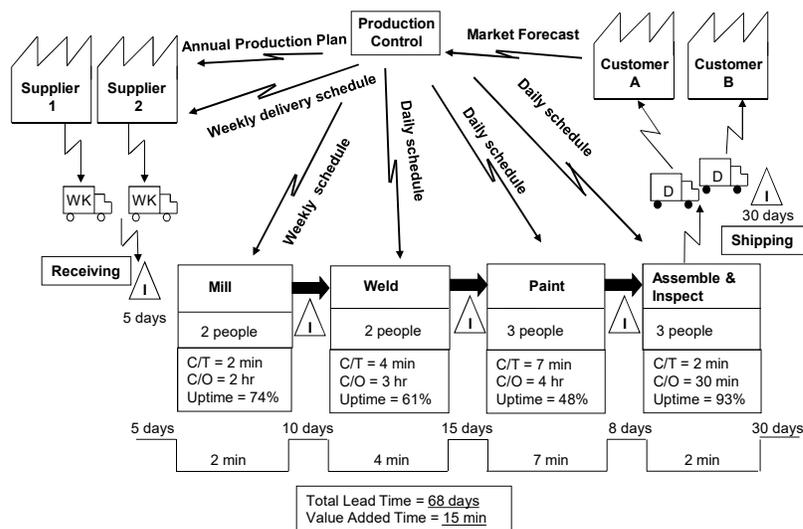
Integrating Safety into Lean

“A systematic approach to identifying and eliminating waste” (*as well as activities that could cause injury or illnesses*) through continuous improvement by flowing the product or service at the pull of the customer in pursuit of perfection”.

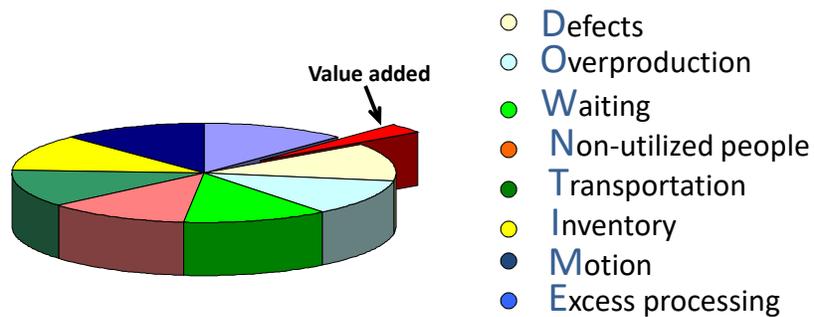
The “Lean” Process

- Map the current process
- Identify all areas of waste
- Brainstorm to develop ideas
- Identify opportunities for improvement
- Implement changes
- Measure the results and adjust
- Plan for continuous improvement

Current State Value Stream Map



Lean = Eliminating the Wastes



Typically 95% of Total Lead Time is Non-value added!!!

The 8 Wastes

- The eight wastes are typically discussed in terms of process and productivity
- The inclusion of safety risks within the eight wastes may help gain support and expedite corrective actions

Waste of Defects

- Defective Materials (information)
- Causes of Defect
 - Weak process control
 - Poor quality
 - Unbalanced inventory level
 - Deficient planned maintenance
 - Inadequate education/trainings /work instructions
 - Product design
 - Customer needs not understood
 - Unclear procedures



Defects



Defective Materials from Suppliers or Scrap/Rework produced by In-house Processes



Allowed to Skip Required Fields

Missing Country of Origin on Customs Form



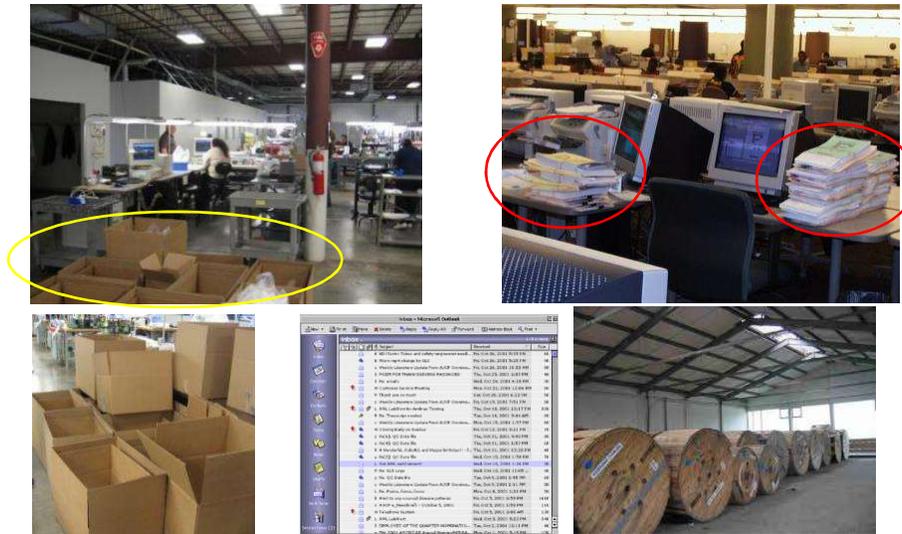
Link to Safety

- Defect prevention requires less work and involves fewer injury exposures than defect discovery and repair
- High levels of defects may also signal poor housekeeping and/or lighting which may create other safety issues such as distraction and eye strain

Waste of Overproduction

- Making **more** than is required by the next process
- Making **earlier** than is required by the next process
- Making **faster** than is required by the next process
- Causes of Overproduction Waste
 - Just-in-case logic
 - Misuse of automation
 - Long process set-up
 - Unleveled scheduling
 - Unbalanced work load
 - Over engineering
 - Redundant inspections
 - Confusing “data” for “information”

Overproduction



Link to Safety

- Overproduction indicates that workers may be working faster than needed by the next process, which can increase the risk of a repetitive strain injury
- Making more than is needed may also result in clutter and poor housekeeping and increased number of accidents
 - Balanced workload *based on customer demand rate (Takt Time)* reduces these risks and decreases the likelihood of increased Work in Process Inventory

Waste of Waiting

- Idle time created when waiting for...?
- Causes of Waiting Waste
 - Unbalanced work load
 - Unplanned maintenance
 - Long process set-up times
 - Misuses of automation
 - Upstream quality problems
 - Unleveled scheduling
 - Poor Housekeeping

Link to Safety

- Delays and time wasted due to poor material and information flow can impact employee motivation and increase the risk of falls and overexertion as workers rush to catch up

Waste of Non-utilized People

- The waste of not using people's (mental, creative, physical or skill) abilities
- Causes of People Waste
 - Old guard thinking, politics, the business culture
 - Poor hiring practices
 - Low or no investment in training
 - Low pay, high turn over strategy

Link to Safety

- Risk of complacency and loss of focus when performing monotonous tasks

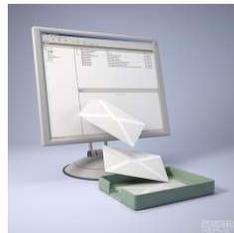
Transportation

- The movement of information and materials around the office/factory
- Causes of transportation waste:
 - Poor office/factory layout
 - Poor understanding of the process flow
 - Excessive hand-offs
 - Too many e-mails
 - Excessive approvals
 - Large batch sizes, long lead times, and large storage areas

Transportation



Shipping documents are picked up by Billing 3-4 times daily



Link to Safety

- Excessive product movement increases exposure to material handling and industrial truck injuries

Waste of Excess Inventory

- Any supply in excess of a one-piece flow through a manufacturing or administrative process
- Causes of Inventory Waste
 - Protects the company from inefficiencies and unexpected problems
 - Product complexity
 - Unleveled scheduling
 - Poor market forecast
 - Unbalanced workload
 - Unreliable shipments by suppliers
 - Misunderstood communications
 - Reward system

Link to Safety

- Excess **Work in Process** between operations (*due to large lot production or processes with long cycle times*) impedes movement, increases the risk of trip hazards, distractions, blind spots for pedestrians and fork lifts as well as manual handling injuries
- Excess **Raw Material** inventory will result in temporary (often unsafe) storage locations creating obstacles to safe movement of employees



“We got a good price this month”



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Waste of Motion

- Any movement of people or machines that does not add value to the product or service
- Causes of Motion Waste
 - Poor people/machine effectiveness
 - Inconsistent work methods
 - Unfavorable facility or cell layout
 - Poor workplace organization and housekeeping
 - Extra “busy” movements while waiting

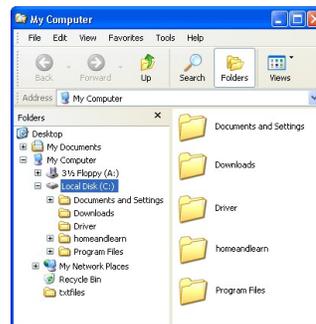
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Link to Safety

- Unnecessary motions such as reaching over the head for a tool or searching for one, instead of having it within normal reaching distance, *at the point of use*, are both wasteful and hazardous

Motion

How long does it take to find what you need?



Waste of Excess Processing

- Effort that adds no value to the product or service from the customers' viewpoint
- Causes of Processing Waste
 - Product changes without process changes
 - Just-in-case logic
 - True customer requirements undefined
 - Over processing to accommodate downtime
 - Lack of communications
 - Redundant approvals
 - Extra copies/excessive information



Excess Processing



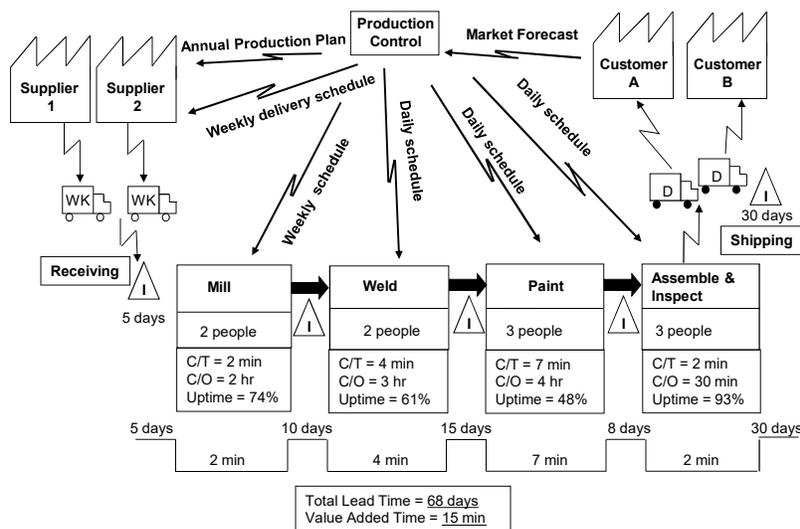
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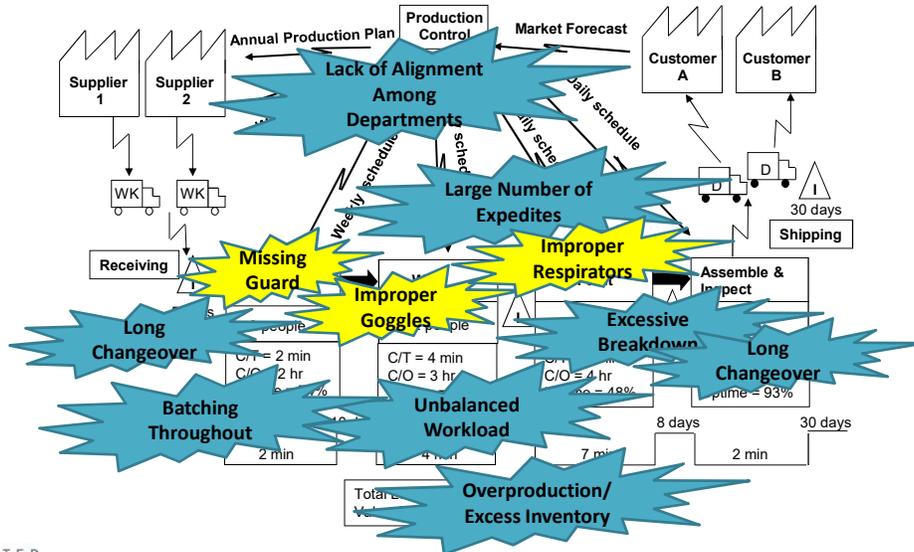
Link to Safety

- Inefficient work flow and extra processing steps such as avoidable reaching, twisting and material handling tasks increase overexertion risk
- Process steps that absolutely add no value to the product or service being provided may help increase EHS risks
 - Painting Cold Rolled Steel v. offering Stainless Steel
 - Degreasing parts twice

Current-State Value Stream Map



Current-State Value Stream Map



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EHS (Green) Metrics

- Scrap/Non-product output
- Materials use
- Hazardous materials use
- Energy use
- Water use
- Air emissions
- Solid waste
- Hazardous waste
- Water pollution/wastewater

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Effective Ways to Sustain an Organized and Standardized Workplace

- Utilize visual checklists, standards and procedures
- Establish methods to continue compliance to standards and procedures
- Post Before and after photos/documentation
- Conduct Weekly/Monthly Audits
- Recognize and communicate good work



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What's wrong here?



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Or here?



Productivity improvements can often drive to unsafe work practices

Safety Interlocks Found Bypassed!

Operator pallet change station limit switch is found to be loose and bypassed!



X	Basic Skill
O	Counter Measure
O	Accessibility
X	Safety
X	Mistake Proofing
O	Productivity

Safety hazard:
Both machines were found with bypassed door interlocks!
Safety First!
Please verify that all interlocks are functioning.



Is this Chemical Hazardous?



Before

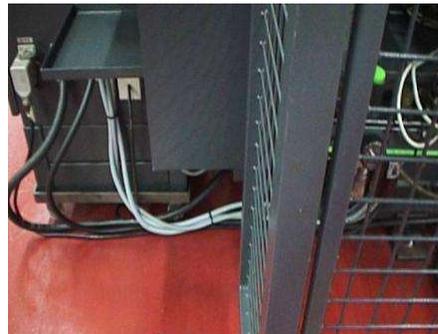


After

Which one is safer to operate?



Before



After

Safety



Door Prize?



+



=



Integrating Safety and Lean

- National studies show a strong correlation between high incident rates and Lean implementations where strong safety programs are not present

Integrating Safety and Lean

- Raises the levels of employee participation and awareness and results in
 - Safer working conditions
 - Reduced lost time
 - Decreased costs of accidents

Final Thoughts

- Project sponsors and leaders must emphasize safety in their project charter
- Project teams must put safety above Lean in any process improvement initiative
- Project teams must mitigate safety risks using the Plan, Do, Check, Act problem solving methodology and by addressing them as top priority action items